

Improving Flux Pinning at High Fields in Intermetallic Superconductors: Clues from MgB₂ and MgCNi₃



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UW Collaborators:

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P Lee, C Fischer, A Goedecke, M Naus—LTS pinning

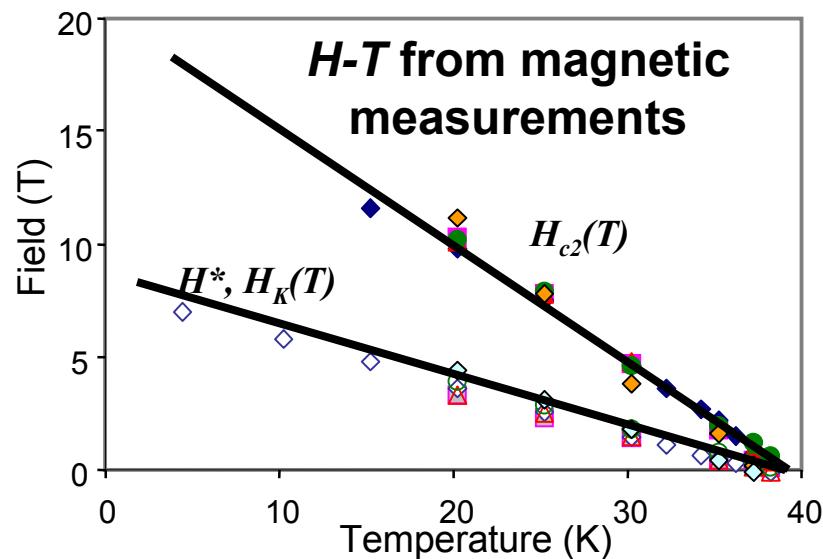
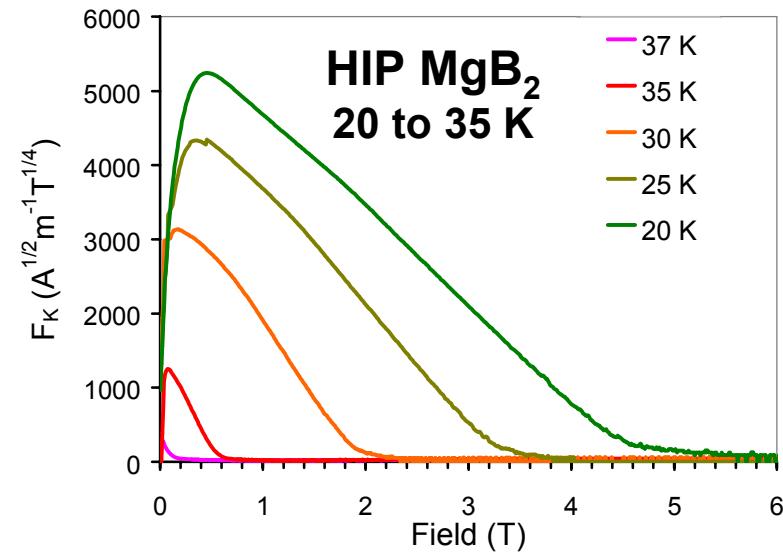
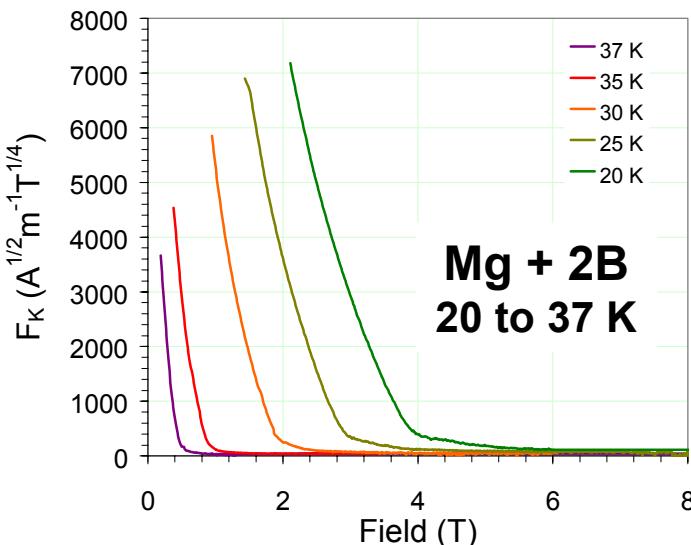
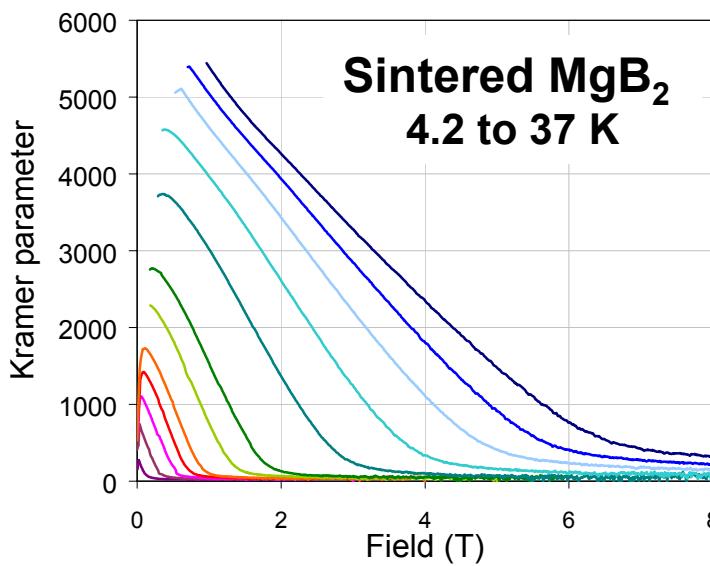
Princeton Collaborators:

T He, K Reagan, and R Cava



Flux shear indicated early in MgB₂

Common pinning mechanism despite sample differences?





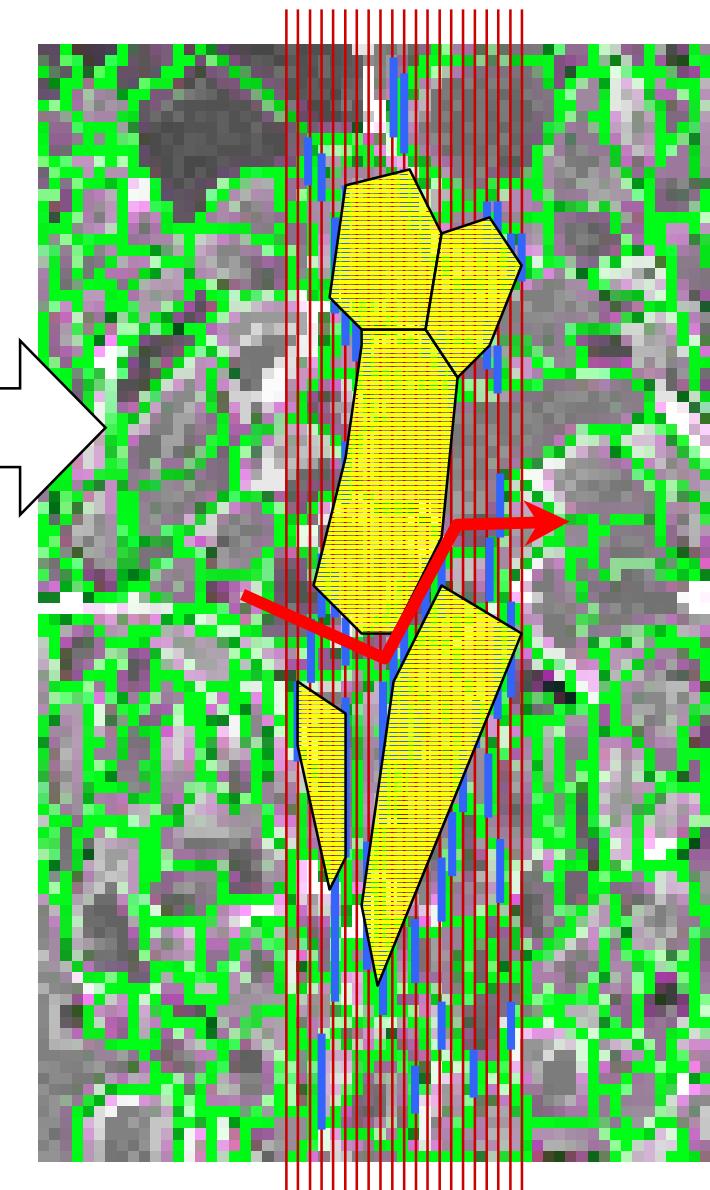
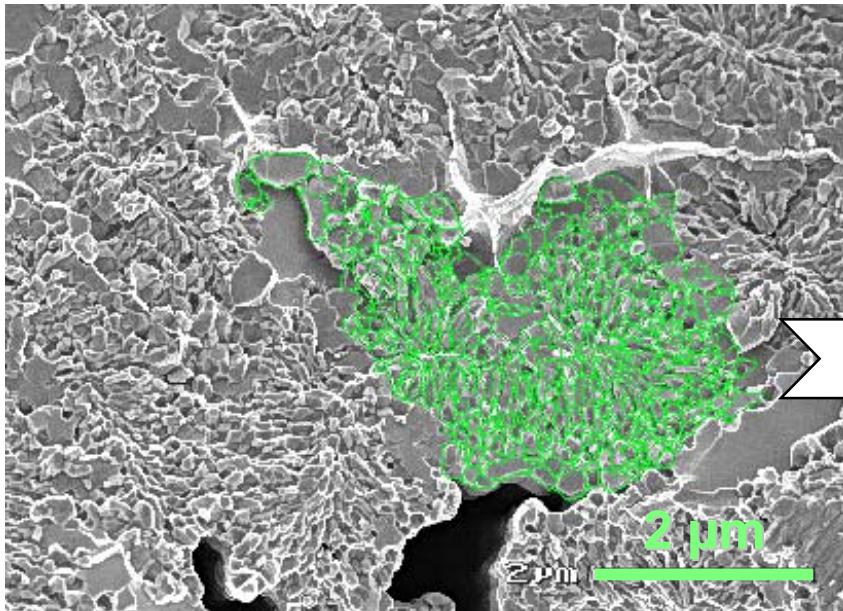
Flux Shear

Kramer phenomenology:

- $F_p = J_c \times \mu_0 H = \text{const.} \times C_{66} / a_0 = K_s h^{1/2} (1 - h)^2$
 - Shear modulus $C_{66} \propto h (1 - h)^2$ (with $h = H / H^*$)
 - Flux lattice constant $a_0 \propto h^{-1/2}$
 - $K_s \propto [B_{c2}(T)]^{5/2} \kappa^{-2}$
 - Corrections for non-local elasticity and grain size D
 - “Kramer plot” $J_c^{1/2} B^{1/4} \propto (1 - h)$
- Assumptions
 - Grain boundaries are primary (only?) pinning sites
 - Pinning interactions are far apart compared with a_0
 - Flux lattice may deform plastically due to pinning and Lorentz forces
 - At J_c :
 - ◆ Regions of correlated flux shear past each other (Khalil 1998)
 - ◆ Dislocations glide (Kahan 1991)



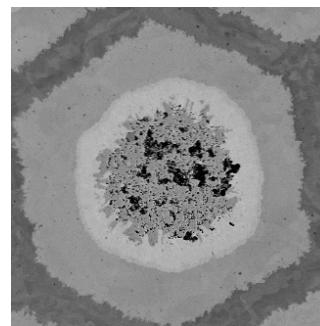
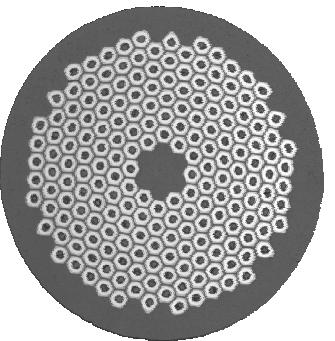
Grain-boundary pinning and flux shear



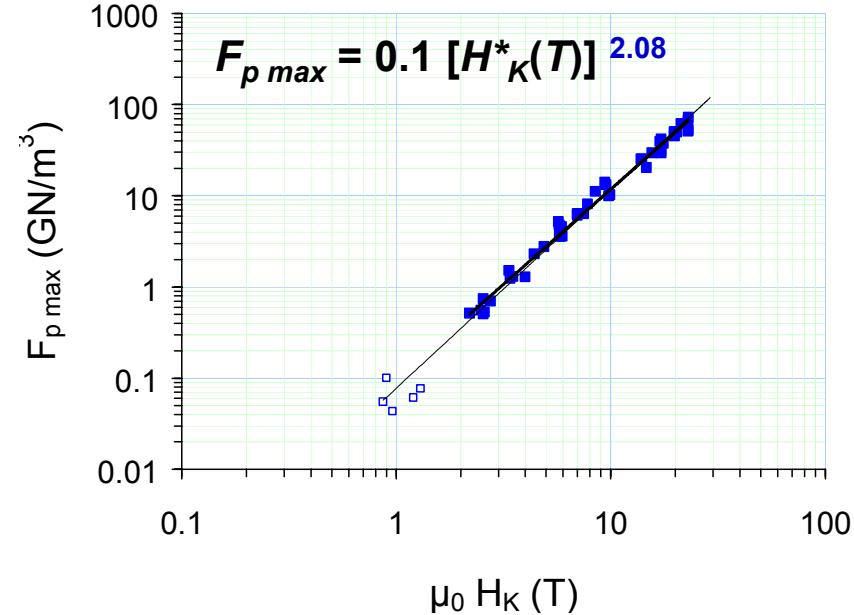
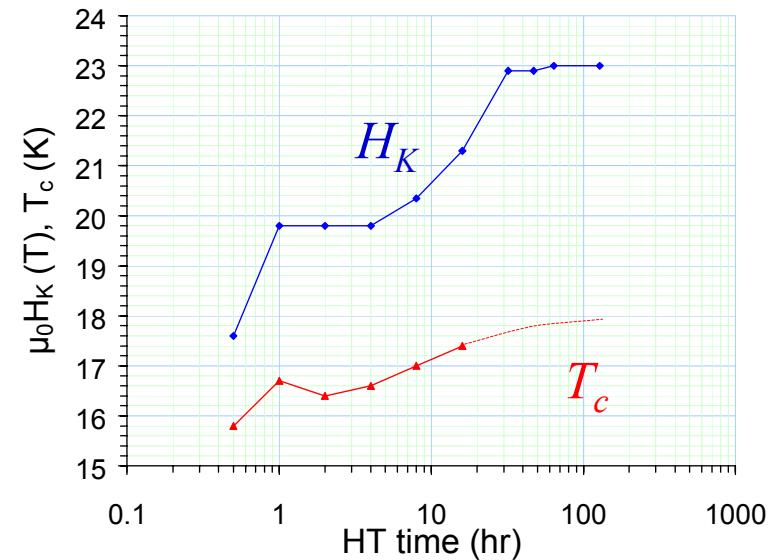
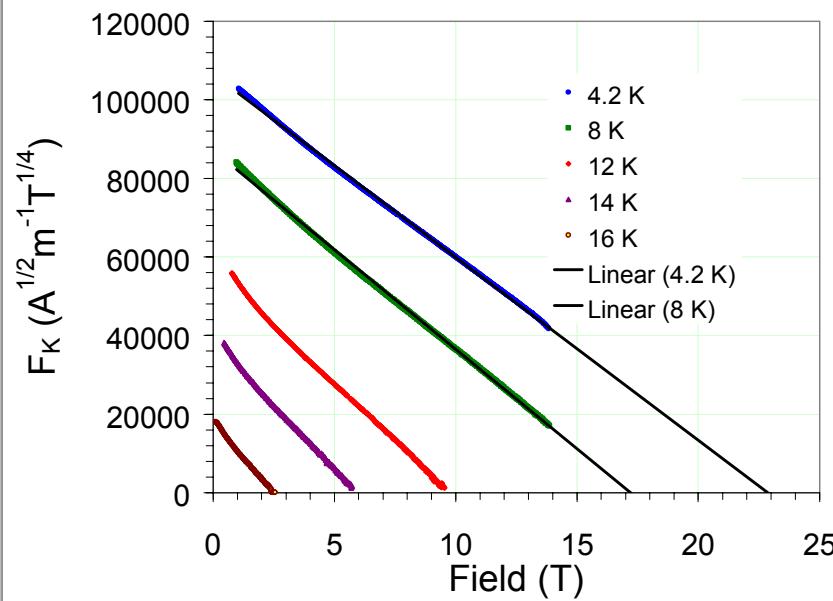
Tracing of fracture surface
Flux lattice at ~ 5 T ($a_0 = 22$ nm)
Pinning only transverse to g.b.
Domains of correlated flux
separated by dislocations
Glide of dislocations, or
shear of domains



Flux shear describes Nb₃Sn well

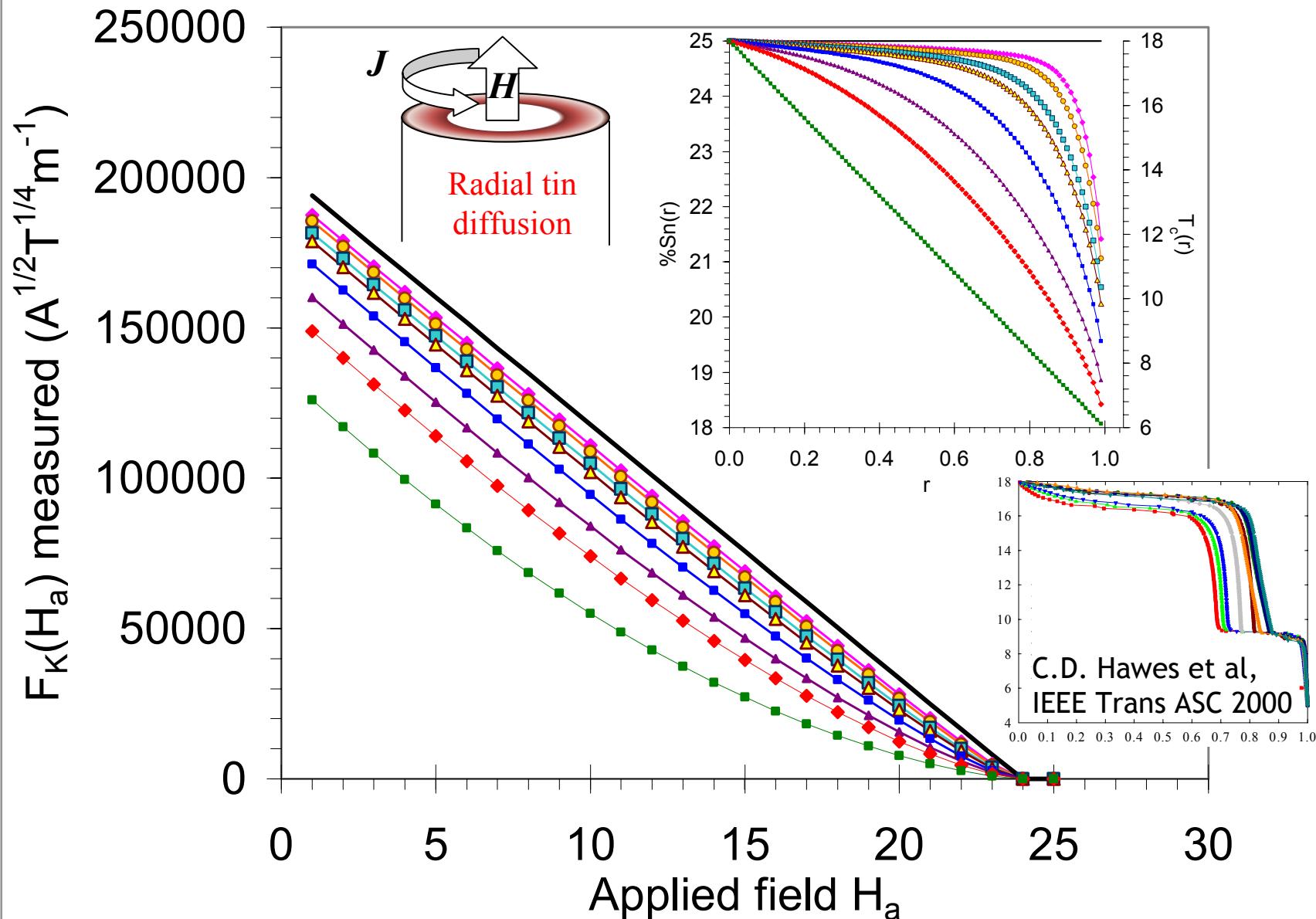


Powder-In-Tube Conductor from
ShapeMetal Innovation (SMI),
Holland





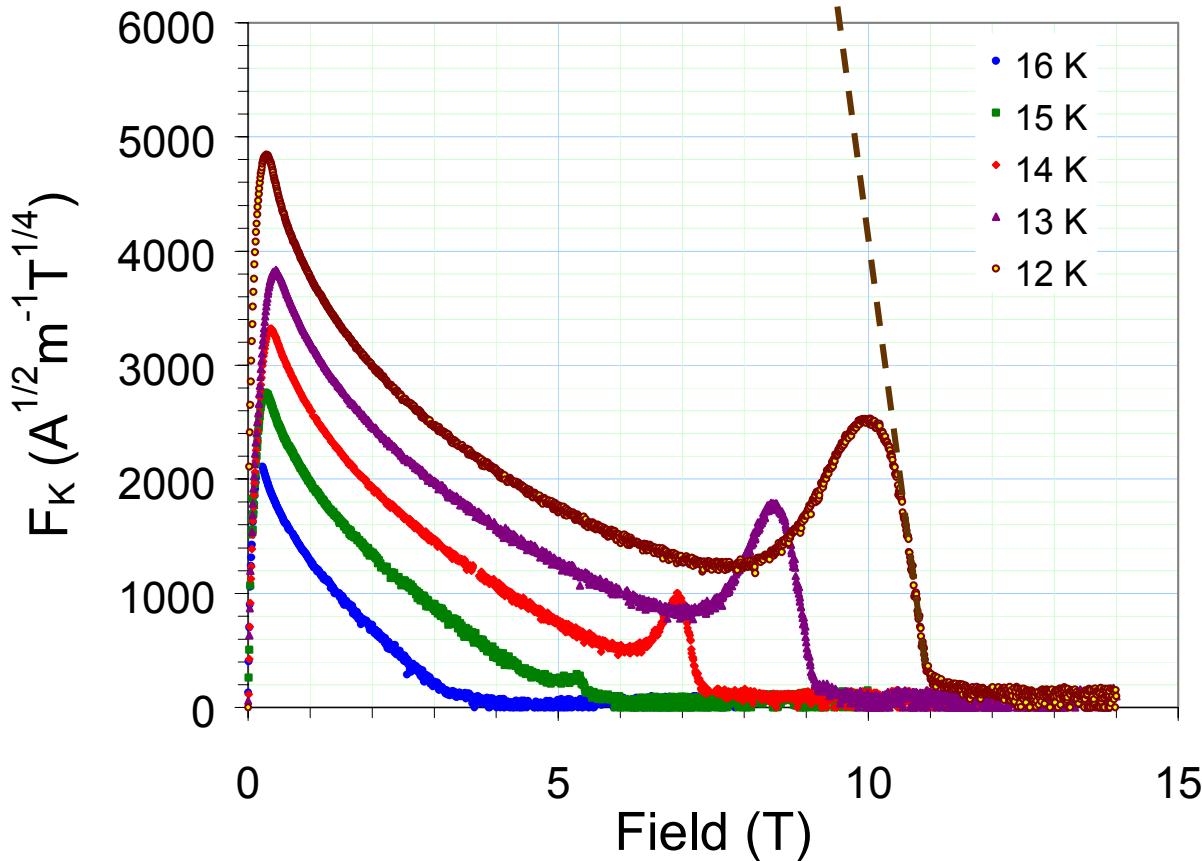
Kramer plots are robust vs. inhomogeneity



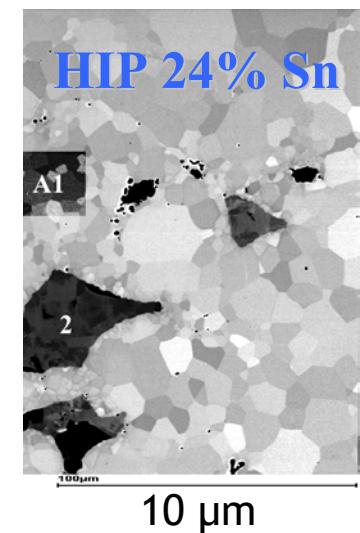


Loss of longitudinal correlation for large grains

Kramer data for 140 nm grains



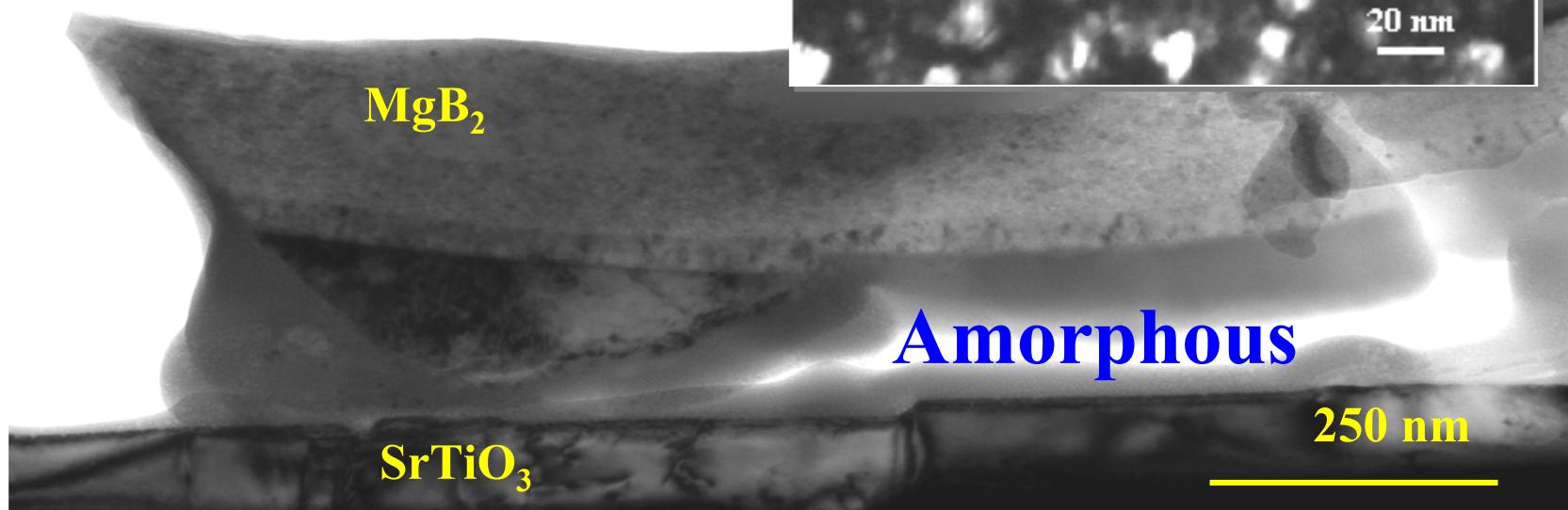
$\sim 1 \mu\text{m}$ grains
 $\Rightarrow L_{44} < D$





Nanoscale grains in 1st generation MgB₂ films made by PLD

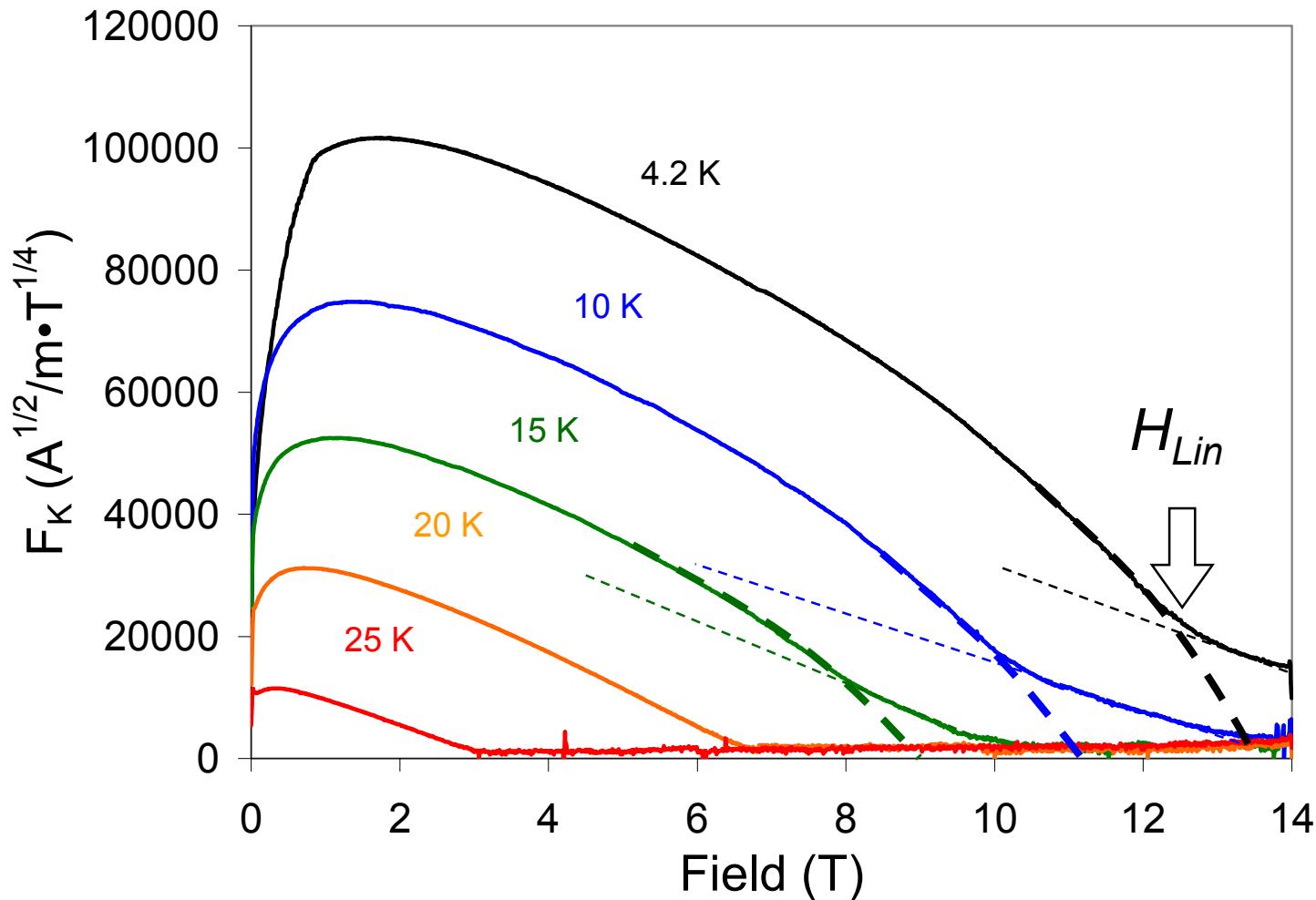
- ~10 nm MgB₂ grains
- Substantial, nanoscale MgO
- C-axis fiber texture



“Film 2”, C. B. Eom *et al.*, *Nature* **411**, 558 (2001)

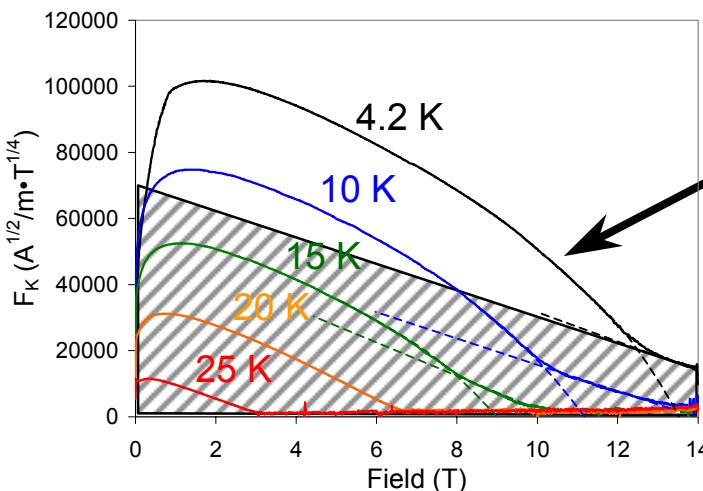


Kramer plot indicates 2 regions with different pinning mechanisms?





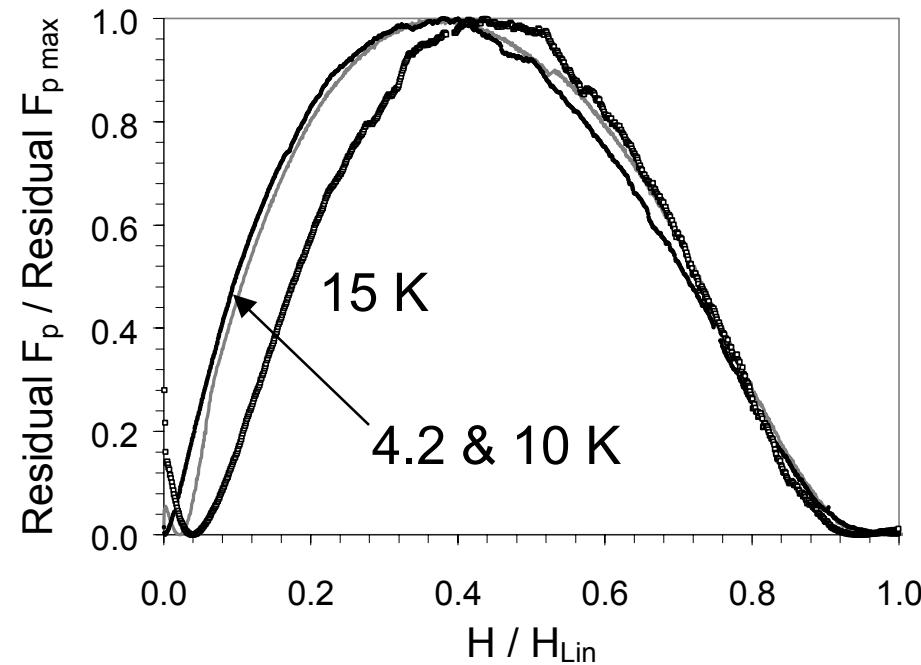
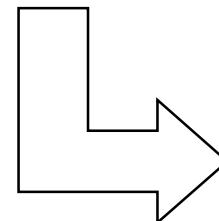
Core pinning component revealed



$$\begin{aligned} J_c \times \mu_0 H &= F_p(h) \propto h(1-h) \\ \Rightarrow J_c^{1/2} H^{1/4} &\propto h^{1/4}(1-h)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

Linear Kramer plot subtracted

Data replotted as F_p



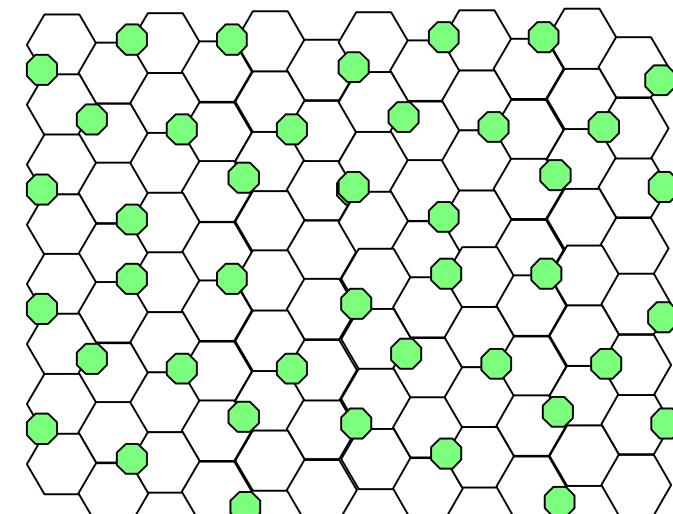


Core pinning by nanostructure of SC and N grains exceeds flux shear limit in MgB₂ film

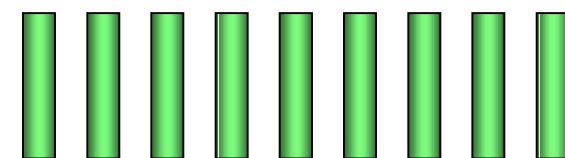
Nanostructure of PLD film may consist of a matrix of ~10 nm MgB₂ grains surrounding ~5 nm MgO pinning centers

Can this be made artificially?

Any weakness of grain boundary amplified!



20 nm

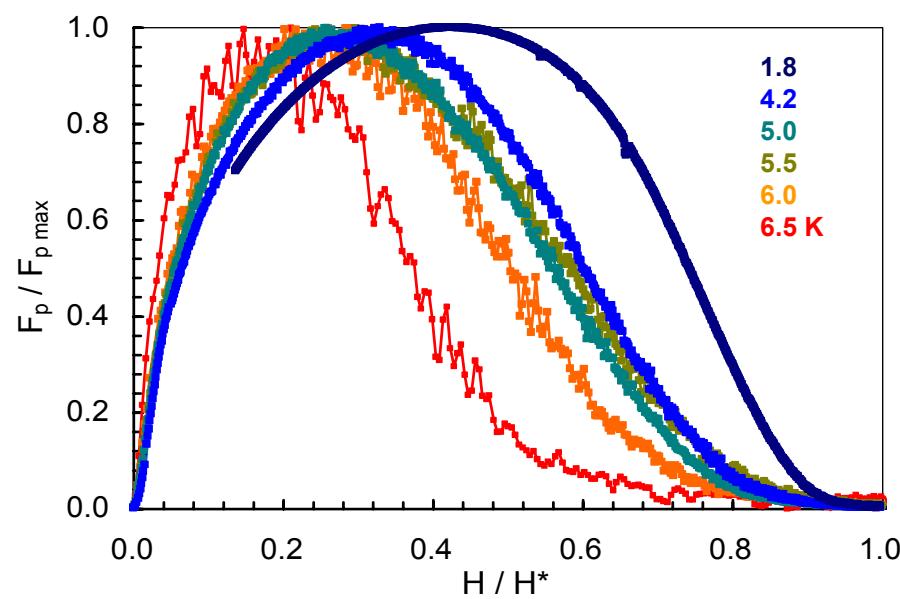
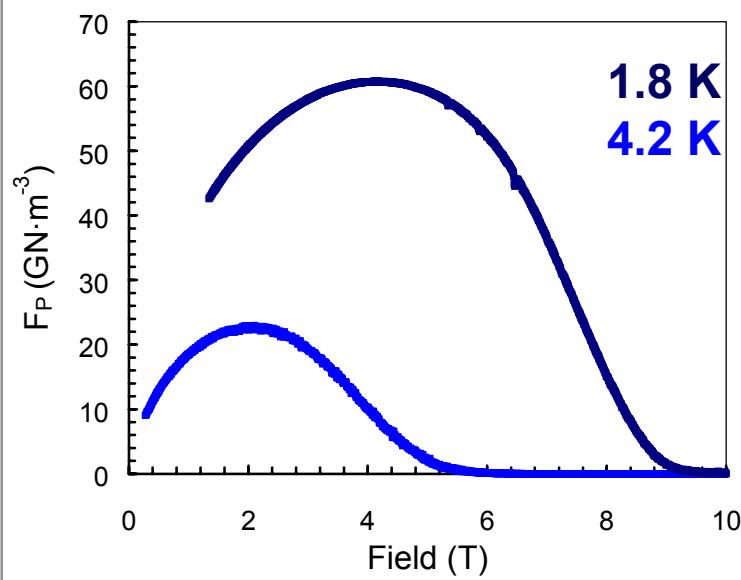
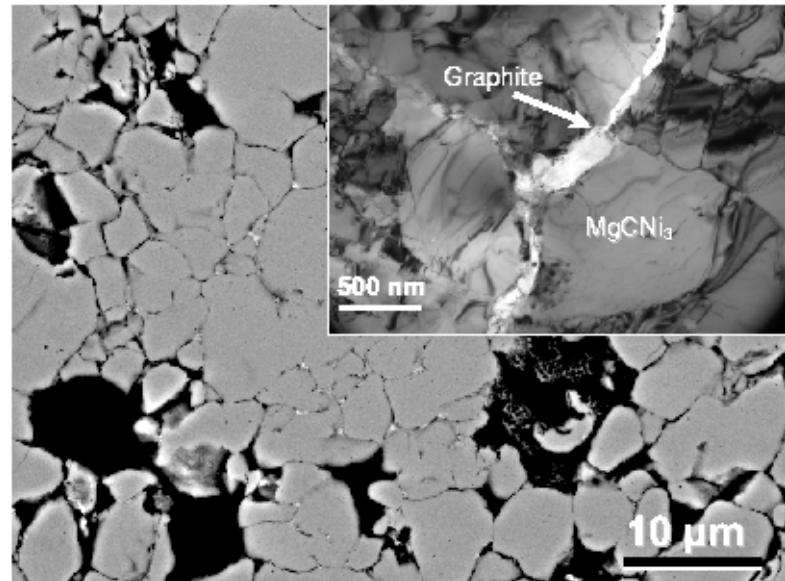


Equilibrium flux lattice @ ~5 T



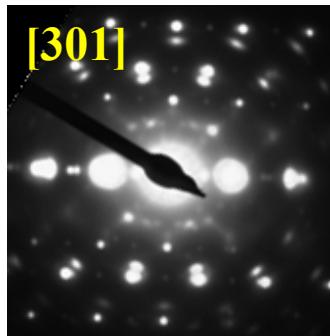
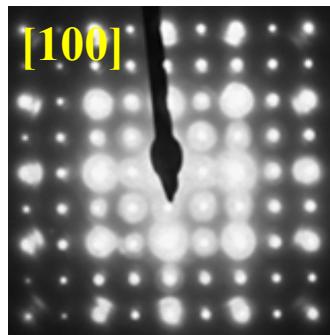
MgCNi₃

- Very potent pinning sites indicated by $F_p(H)$ but not obvious in microstructure
- $F_p(H, T)$ like that of Nb-Ti — nanoprecipitates?

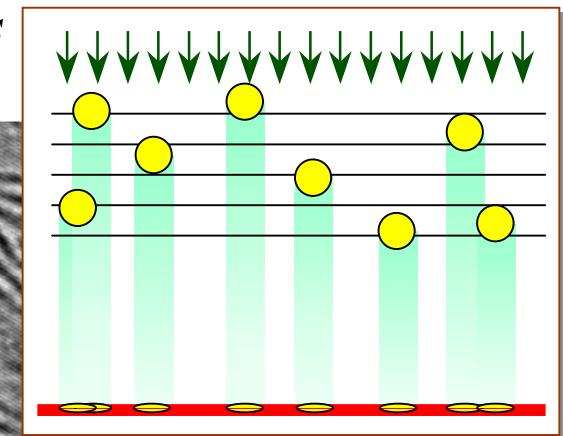
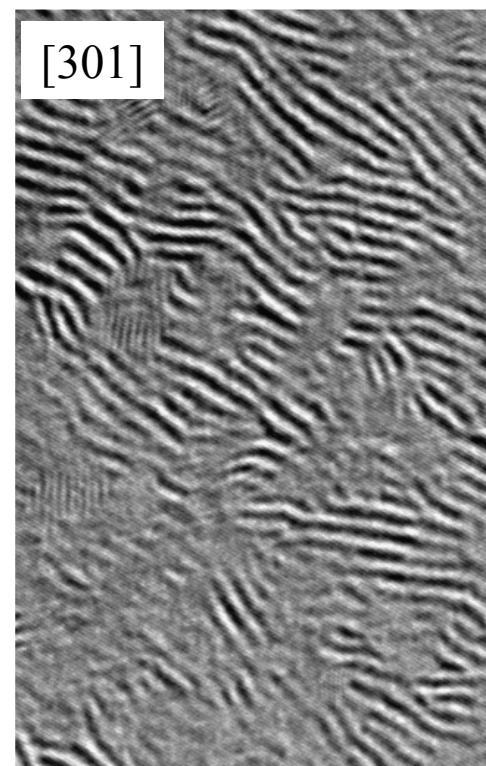




HRTEM reveals coherent precipitates inside grains



*Interference from cubic,
graphite precipitates*

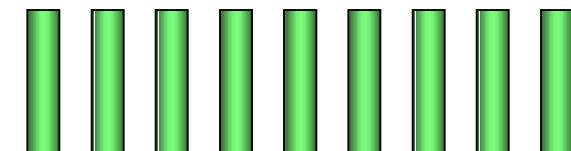
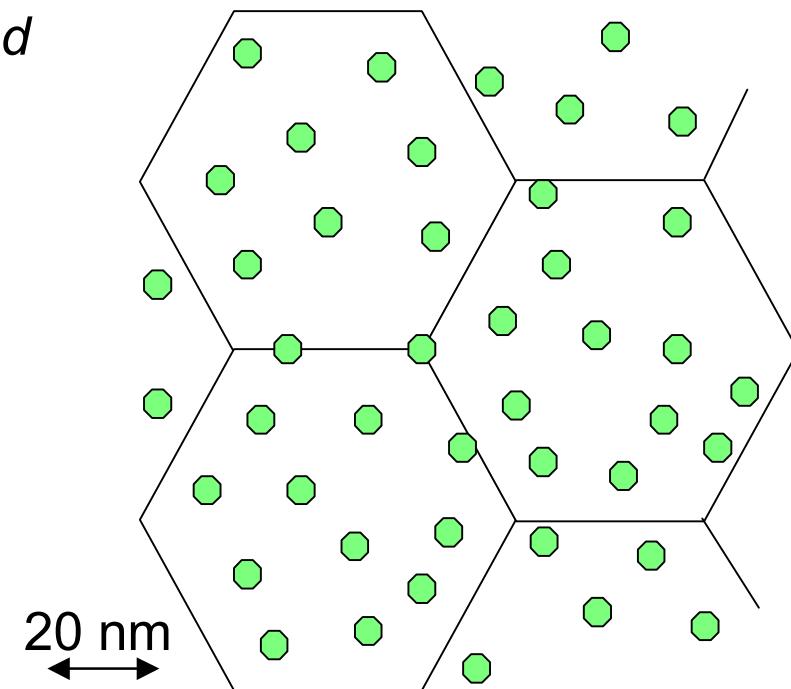




Core pinning by intragranular nano-precipitates in MgCNi_3 exceeds flux shear

$\sim 100 \text{ nm}$ grains have embedded
 $\sim 10 \text{ nm}$ pinning centers

Are precipitation routes available?



Equilibrium flux lattice @ 5 T

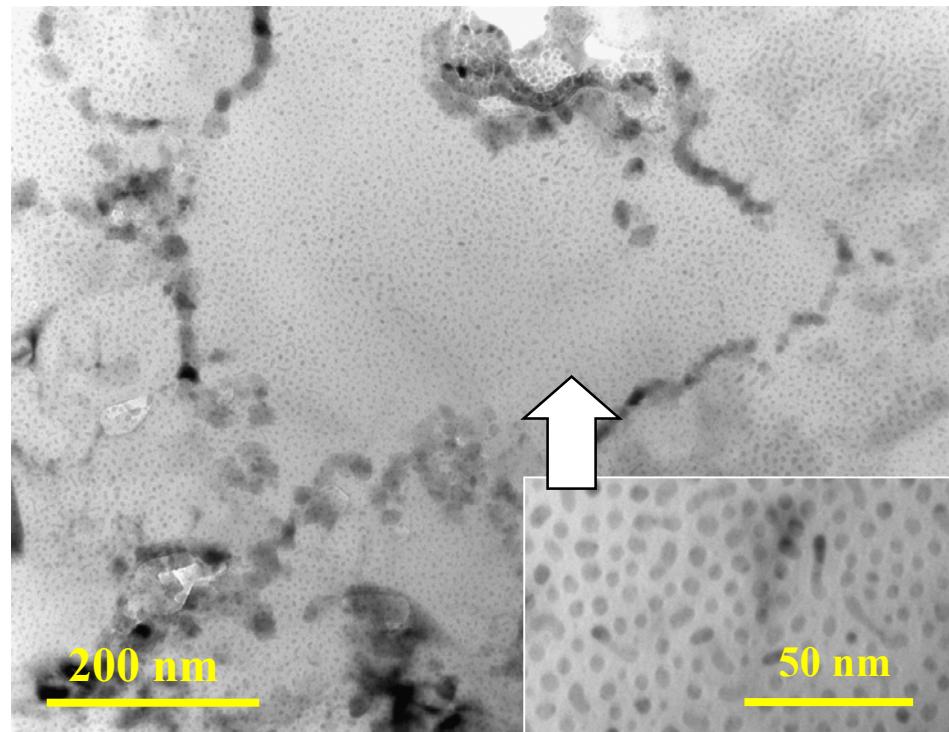
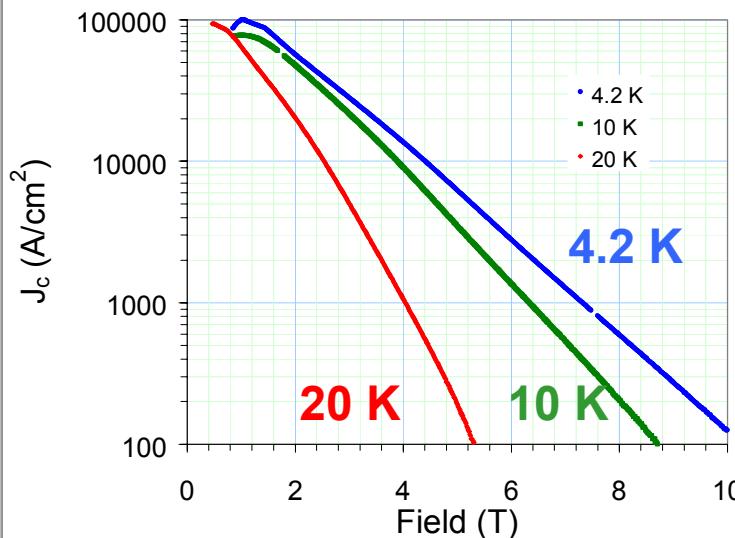


Nanoscale pinning sites MgB_2

Precipitates block grain boundaries, break up current path

- Mg + B powders + 10wt.% Y_2O_3 nanoparticles
- XRD: YB_4 nanoprecipitates ($\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3 + 4 \text{MgB}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{YB}_4 + 3 \text{MgO} + \text{Mg}$)

SNS behavior?

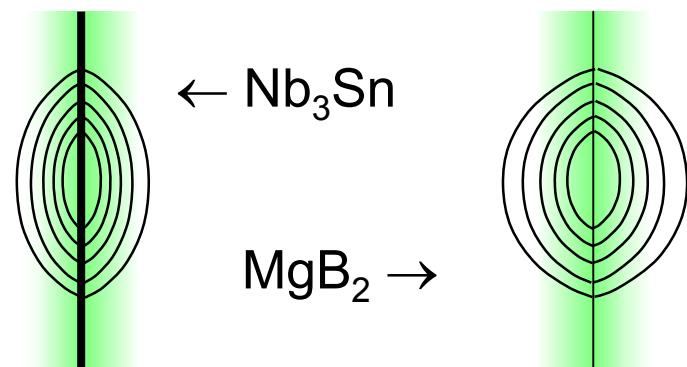


J. Wang, Y. Bugoslavsky, L. Cowey, A. Berenov, A.D. Caplin, L.F. Cohen, J.L. MacManus Driscoll (Imperial College); L. D. Cooley, X. Song, D. C. Larbalestier (UW-ASC) – submitted to *Applied Physics Lett.*



Conclusions

- New experiments show evidence for core pinning in intermetallic superconductors
 - *Add nanoprecipitates!*
- 2 approaches conceptually similar, perhaps different implementation
 - MgB₂ thin film: nanoscale matrix of MgB₂ grains with precipitates — *Assemble artificially?*
 - MgCNi₃: nanoprecipitates inside larger grains — *Precipitation route?*
- Film: Linear Kramer plots at high temperature, even though $D \approx a_0$ — *g.b. pinning weaker than usual?*





Precipitates from a metastable solid solution

